AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) A method for of preparing a composition for coating, when in a layered, inorganic filler, which filler is a natural or synthetic layered double hyd exchange with a modifier, which modifier comprises at least two ionic roups, which groups are separated from each other by at least four atoms, and which modifier cc inprises at least one anionic group, and wherein the modified filler, together with a polymer, is dispursed in a diluct i.

2. (Original) A method according to claim 1, wherein the layered, inorganic filler is a atural or synthetic clay with a cation exchange capacity of 30-200 milliequivalents per 100 grams.

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- d. (Original) A method according to claim 3, wherein the cationic group is an ammon im, phosphonium or sulfonium group.
- 5. (Original) A method according to claim 1, wherein the layored inorganic filler is a satural or synthetic layered double hydroxide.

6. (Original) A method according to claim 5, wherein the layered doub a hydroxide so isfies the formula

 $[M_{(1-\pi)}^{2+} M_{\kappa}^{3*} (OH)_2] [A_{\kappa / y}^{y_*}, n H_2 O]$

wherein M²⁺ is a bivalent cation, M³⁺ is a trivalent cation, x is a number hetween 0.15 and 0.5 y is 1 or 2, n is a number from 1 to 10, and A is an anion selected from the group consisting of Cl-, Br-, NO₃₋, SO₄²⁻ and CO₃²⁻.

- 7. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 5, wherein the modifier comprises at least one anienic group.
- /8. (Original) A method according to claim //, wherein the anionic group is a carbonate, sulfonate, or phosphonate group.

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(Previously Presented): A coating comprising the composition of claim 15.

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20. (New) A method of preparing a coating composition, wherein a layered inorgani filler is subjected to an ion exchange with a modifier, said modifier comprising at least two ionic group, at least one of which is an anionic-group and at least one of which is a cationic group said at least two ionic groups being separated from each other by at least four atoms, and who rein the modified filler, together with a polymer, is dispersed in a diluent.



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CLAIMS

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A method for preparing a composition for a coating, wherein a layered, inorganic filler is subjected to an ion exchange with a modifier, which modifier comprises at least two ionic groups, which groups are separated from each other by at least four atoms, and wherein the modified filler, together with a polymer, is dispersed in a diluent.

- 2. A method according to claim 1, wherein the layered, inorganic filler is a natural or synthetic clay with a cation exchange capacity of 30-200 milliequivalents per 100 grams.
- 3. A method according to claim 2, wherein the modifier comprises at least one cationic group.
 - 4. A method according to claim 3, wherein the cationic group is an ammonium, phosphonium or sulfonium group.
 - 5. A method according to claim 1, wherein the layered inorganic filler is a natural or synthetic layered double hydroxide.
- 6. A method according to claim 5, wherein the layered double hydroxide satisfies the formula (I):

$$[M_{(1-x)^{2+}}M_x^{3+}(OH)_2][A_{x/y}^{y-}.n H_2O]$$

(I),

wherein M²⁺ is a bivalent cation, M³⁺ is a trivalent cation, x is a number between 0.15 and 0.5, y is 1 or 2, n is a number from 1 to 10, and A is an anion selected from the manufacture of Cl. R. NO. 30. and A is an anion selected from the manufacture of Cl. R. NO. 30. and A is an anion selected from the manufacture of Cl. R. NO. 30. and A is an anion selected from the manufacture of Cl. R. NO. 30. and A is an anion selected from the manufacture of Cl. R. NO. 30. and A is an anion selected from the manufacture of Cl. R. NO. 30. and A is an anion selected from the manufacture of Cl. R. NO. 30. and A is an anion selected from the manufacture of Cl. R. NO. 30. and A is an anion selected from the manufacture of Cl. R. NO. 30. and A is an anion selected from the manufacture of Cl. R. NO. 30. and A is an anion selected from the manufacture of Cl. R. NO. 30. and A is an anion selected from the manufacture of Cl. R. NO. 30. and A is an anion selected from the manufacture of Cl. R. NO. 30. and A is an anion selected from the manufacture of Cl. R. NO. 30. and A is an anion selected from the manufacture of Cl. R. No. 30. and A is an anion selected from the manufacture of Cl. R. No. 30. and A is an anion selected from the manufacture of Cl. R. No. 30. and A is an anion selected from the manufacture of Cl. R. No. 30. and A is an anion selected from the manufacture of Cl. R. No. 30. and A is an anion selected from the manufacture of Cl. R. No. 30. and A is an anion selected from the manufacture of Cl. R. No. 30. and A is an anion selected from the manufacture of Cl. R. No. 30. and A is an anion selected from the manufacture of Cl. R. No. 30. and A is an anion selected from the manufacture of Cl. R. No. 30. and A is an anion selected from the manufacture of Cl. R. No. 30. and A is an anion selected from the manufacture of Cl. R. No. 30. and A is an anion selected from the manufacture of Cl. R. No. 30. and A is an anion selected from the manufacture of Cl. R. No. 30. and A is an anion selected from the manufacture of Cl. R

- anion selected from the group consisting of Cl., Br., NO₃, SO₄² and CO₃².
 - 7. A method according to claim 5 ms, wherein the modifier comprises at least one anionic group.
 - 8. A method according to claim 7, wherein the anionic group is a carbonate, sulfonate, or phosphonate group.
 - 9. A method according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein the modifier comprises an aromatic group.
 - 10. A method according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein the modifier is an organic dye.

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- A|method according to any-one-of-the-preceding-claims, wherein 11. the diluentlis polar. A method according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein
- 12. the polymer is selected from the group of polyurethanes; polyacrylates; polymethacrylates; polyesters; polyethers; polyolefins; polystyrene; polyvinyl chloride; alkyds; nitrocellulose; epoxides; phenol resins; amino resins; silicones; polysiloxanes, organic-inorganic hybrid materials; and combinations thereof
- A method according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein 13. further an initiator is dispersed in the diluent. 10
 - A composition for coating obtainable according to any one of the 14. preceding claims class
 - A composition for coating comprising a polymer and a modified layered inorganic filler dispersed in a diluent, wherein the filler is modified by ion exchange with a modifier which comprises at least two ionic groups. which groups are separated from each other by at least four atoms.
 - Use of a composition according to claim 14 or 15 for forming a 16. coating.
 - 17. A\coating formed upon curing of an applied composition according to claim 14 or 15-
 - A layered inorganic filler modified by ion exchange with a modifier 18. which comprises at least two ionic groups, which groups are separated from each other by at least four atoms.

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